



VIDYAVARDHAKA SANGHA®
VIDYAVARDHAKA LAW COLLEGE
SHESHADRI IYER ROAD, MYSURU-01

Report of Celebration of International Women's Day

Human Rights Committee of Vidyavardhaka Law College organized International women's Day on 08-03-2023. Coordinator of this Programme Dr. Bore Gowda S.B. rendered welcome speech. Distinguished Speaker Smt. Savithri, Senior Advocate cum Mediator, Mysore Court, Mysuru said The accelerate equality initiative aims to close gender gaps and promote women and girls' empowerment to drive transformative change, unlocking trillions of dollars in economic potential. If women are unable to access the Internet and do not feel safe online, they are unable to develop the necessary digital skills to engage in digital spaces, which diminishes their opportunities to pursue careers in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) related fields. By 2050, 75% of jobs will be related to STEM areas. Yet today, women hold just 22% of positions in artificial intelligence, to name just one. Bringing women into technology results in more creative solutions and has greater potential for innovations that meet women's needs and promote gender equality.



Their lack of inclusion, by contrast, comes with massive costs. She told Gender diversity widens the range of skills and backgrounds available to handle specific legal difficulties in any professional situation. Diversity serves a greater function in the legal profession: it lends legitimacy to the impression that the law system is equal and just, and that everyone's views



are represented and acknowledged within it. In recent years, the importance of women in professional fields has been emphasized in order for the economy and society to reach their full potential. Gender equality became a standard for development and prosperity around the world. Women have shown themselves and are leading the way in their drive for financial independence, equal rights, and opportunity in a variety of sectors. In India, an increasing number of women are graduating with a law degree, despite the fact that few appear to pursue the field after a short – term at a law firm. Many women leave the field because of gender prejudice and seek work in fields that are more tolerant of women. Nonetheless, there are success stories in the country's legal profession, where women have indeed been tenacious and stubborn in attaining their goals and becoming respected professionals despite all odds.

Women's admittance into the courts was only possible after long and drawn-out legal fights, but even then, female participation in the courts was minor until the late twentieth century. However, in the twenty-first century, the concept of globalization has created greater chances for Indian women in law education and training. Modernism has also tempered the courtroom

environment but has also put a stop to medieval masculine chauvinism in the field. Society should encourage the women otherwise it's very difficult to survive as a part of the society.



Dr. Deepu. P in her presidential speech said Women's entry in the legal profession is one of the most remarkable and revolutionary change in the legal profession. Today there are many women advocates who are well-known advocates, who inspire the upcoming generation of women to enter into the legal field. But even after so many years, women lawyers are still not getting the position which a male lawyer gets, they are not getting the amount of case, which a male advocate gets. Justice Indu Malhotra, well-known Supreme Court judge, once said in a conference that even in the 21st century, women advocate faces difficulty, to establish them, to grow their network which is an important thing in the legal field.

At last vote of thanks rendered by Prof M.C. Rajesh.