## Vidyavardhaka sangha® VIDYAVARDHAKA LAW COLLEGE, SHESHADRI IYER ROAD, MYSURU-01

## Prof.P.M.Chikkaboraiah Memorial One Day National Seminar

<u>On</u>

"Law and Social Transformation In india issues and challenges"

12th Oct 2019



Venue: P.M.Chikkaboraiah Hall

Prof.P.M.Chikkaboraiah Memorial One Day National Seminar On "Law and Social Transformation in india : Issues and challenges was organized in our college on 12<sup>th</sup> Oct 2019 at Sri. P.M.Chikkaboraiah Hall. The registration of various paper presenters in and across the state was started at 9.00am by our registration committee



Pic of- Registration Committee of the National seminar

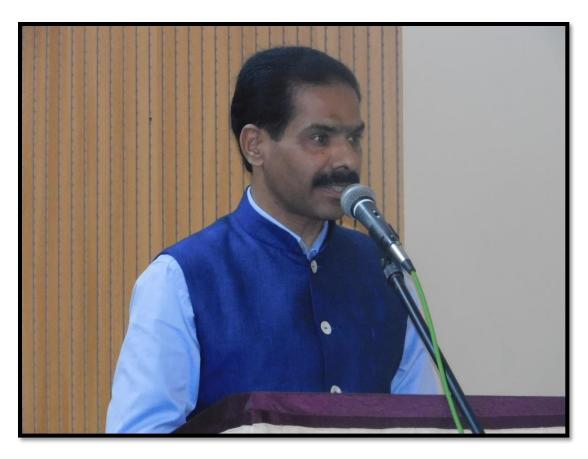


Welcome Speech by Principal Smt. P.Deepu

At 10.00am the inauguration Programme was started by the anchoring by our Asst.Prof Smt. M.J.Indumathi and invocation song by our student kum.Shravya and then our Principal Smt. Deepu P welcome the guest and gathering. The seminar was inaugurated by Hon'ble Justice H.P.Sandesh Judge, High Court of Karnataka, Bengaluru and other dignitaries on the dias.



# Chief Guest and dignitaries of national seminar at the dias and the hon'ble judge high court of Karnataka addressing the gathering



#### Inaugural address by Hon'ble justice H.P.Sandesh

In his inaugural address Justice H.P Sandesh remembered his earlier days of law pursuance and the great personalities of our institution founders viz., K Puttaswamy (Founder Principal, VVLC) and P.M. Chikkaboraiah (Former Principal, VVLC). Justice started his core speech of bemoaned that of late the Legislative, Judicial and Executive wings of Democracy are into confrontations without realizing that constitution of the country is supreme.

He opined that each of the three wings claim supremacy which leads to confrontation. He contended that any law should be properly implemented to see results which needs the cooperation of the people. Continuing. Sandesh observed that casteism and corruption were two bad elements ruining the country and regretted that even representatives of people were selected based on caste He Quoted the saying of Swami Vivekananda" A man can achive anything if mind,hands and heart are clean 'which should be a guideline for youngsters.



Felicitation for Hon'ble justice H.P.Sandesh High court of Karnataka Bengaluru



## Chief Guest addressing the gathering by Prof.(Dr) David Ambrose Prof.and Head of the Dept of Studies in law. University of Madras. Chennai.

Chief Guest addressing the gathering by Prof.(Dr) David Ambrose Prof. and Head of the Dept. of Studies in law. University of Madras. Chennai.For decades now law and society theorists have been pre occupied with attempts to explain the relationship between legal and social change in the context of development of legal institutions. They viewed the law both as an independent and dependent and variable (cause and effect) in society and emphasized the interdependence of the law with other social systems. In its most concrete sense, social change means large numbers of people are engaging in group activities and relationship that are different from those in which they or their parents engaged in previously. Thus, social change means modifications in the way people work. Rear a family, educate their children, govern them, and seek ultimate meaning in life. In addition to law and social change there are many other mechanisms of change, such as technology, ideology, competition, conflict, political and economic factors, and structural strains.

Law as an instrument of social change. Law is the reflection of the will and wish of the society. It is said that if you want to study any society, you have to study the laws enacted by that society and you come to know whether the society is developed or wild world. The law, though it is the product of the society is responsible for the social \transformations. In fact, there are two modes of this aspect. First is, "Law changing the society", which means that the law of the land compels the society to be changed according to it. And secondly is. "Society changes the law", as per its needs. It means law is made by the society according to its requirement by its democratic institution i.e. Legislative or by adopting custom and usage. When law changes the society it is the sign of beginning of the development of the society. When society changes law it is the sign of maturity of the society. We can cite the enthusiasm of the people in the matter of 'Nirbhaya' where the commonest of the common was talking on how the law must be, what must be the punishment etc. here this compelled the government to consider the sentiments of the society and set up a commission to give suggestions and untimely the criminal law amendment bill came into existence.

The change required in the society can be initiated by a single person also and this has been proved in India right from Raja Ram Mohan Roy; to Mahatma Phule, Mahatma Baseswar, and Mahatma Gandhi up to Anna Hazare! Thus the demand takes root and shakes up the government to either reform the existing laws or make new or even delete the existing unworthy laws. For this we will have to cite examples for the history of India. When mahatma Phule's wife SavitribaiPhule actually started teaching in a school aimed only for girls it was considered taboo, something not good and would be affecting the society but this movement gradually became the source of law where the girls could actually study and develop. Gradually the then society

thought reluctantly adopted this fact and started to send girls to school this is positive sign of beginning of the development of the society. Ultimately the girls got into colleges also. This was not only limited to the Hindu society, finally the Aligarh Muslim college also had some seats for female students studying. But no dough the lamp was lighted by the phule couple. This is the 'Society changes the law', But per its need, rather demands. Whereas the law play important role in changing the society too!



Felicitation for the chief guest Prof.(Dr) David Ambrose Prof.and Head of the Dept of Studies in law. University of Madras. Chennai.



Another Chief guest of this national seminar Principal District &Sessions Hon'ble Mysuru District Judge S.K.Vontigodi addressing the gathering.

Chief guest of this national seminar Principal District &Sessions .Hon'ble Mysuru District Judge S.K.Vontigodi While addressing the gathering mentioned the demerits of using mobile phone due to this the importance of learning law becoming less importance

The law is often used as an instrument of social reform. The Untouchability (Offences) Act, the Hindu Code Bill. The sarda Act, the Prohibition Act are examples in this context. Vidya Bushan and D.R. Sachdeva observed 15 that "Thus Law does not always lay behind the times. One great merit of law is that it adapts itself to the changing needs of society and maintains stability when the rapid alterations disturb the relations in society. Law helps the society assimilate the changes by adjusting group advantages and injuries resulting from them. Finally the law may become an advanced instrument of social change on a national as well as international level by affecting the

social frame work in which relations take place. However, law is greatly in advance of or greatly behind the 9 trends of change in the society. It remains unenforceable, if it is in harmony with the processes of change. It accelerates and institutionalizes changes."

The various "pressure groups" exercise considerable influence on lawmaking organs. Practically all legislations are passé to satisfy the demands of certain groups presented to the legislature directly or indirectly, which demands will be recognized in Law depends to a large degree upon the power of the groups which make the demands. Political parties themselves are a combination of pressure groups. The legal groups today are the product of the pressures of the most powerful groups in the society. By powerful groups is meant effective power in terms of the number of votes at the disposal of the group, the amount of money it can command, the effectiveness of the organization, the skill of its lobbyists, and the support it is able to secure from public opinion. Despite the directive from the Supreme Court, the Rao Government did not think it politically wise to enact a uniform Civil Code.



Felicitation for the Another Chief guest of this national seminar Principal District &Sessions judge S.K.Vontigodi .Mysore court Mysore

Another Chief guest of this national seminar Principal District &Sessions .Hon'ble Mysuru District Judge S.K.Vontigodi While addressing the gathering mentioned the demerits of using mobile phone due to this the importance of learning law becoming less importance.

In this national seminar presided by Sri Gundappa Gowda Hon'ble President Vidyavardhaka Sangha <sup>®</sup> delivering presidential remarks he spoke about the importance of law in present society due to lack of hard work the lawyers are becoming weak to deliver the responsibilities in legal profession and also remembered the role of K.Puttaswamy founder principal of our college and followed by the Another principal Prof,P.M..Chikkaboraiah and remembered for his dedication in legal profession as well as concern about society and for sincerity and honesty in social service and in politics also he pointed the good work done by PMC in the growth of the Of our Institutions. Er. P. Vishwanath Hon'ble Secretary Vidyavardhaka Sangha <sup>®</sup> Mysuru and Sri Shrishaila Ramannavar Hon'ble Treasurer Vidyavardhaka Sangha <sup>®</sup> present in the seminar as guest of honour and in this occasion the Teaching and Non-teaching staff of our college and also students were present.



Presidential address by, Hon'ble President Sri. Gundappa Gowda

In this national seminar presided by Sri Gundappa Gowda Hon'ble President Vidyavardhaka Sangha <sup>®</sup> delivering presidential remarks he spoke about the importance of law in present society due to lack of hard work the lawyers are becoming weak to deliver the responsibilities in legal profession and also remembered the role of K.Puttaswamy founder principal of our college and followed by the Another principal Prof,P.M..Chikkaboraiah and remembered for his dedication in legal profession as well as concern about society and for sincerity and honesty in social service and in politics also he pointed the good work done by PMC in the growth of the Of our Institutions. Er. P. Vishwanath Hon'ble Secretary Vidyavardhaka Sangha <sup>®</sup> Mysuru and Sri Shrishaila Ramannavar Hon'ble Treasurer Vidyavardhaka Sangha <sup>®</sup> present in the seminar as guest of honour and in this occasion the Teaching and Non-teaching staff of our college and also students were present.



Audience and students attended national seminar on 12th Oct 2019

### FIRST TECHNICAL SESSION



At 11.30 to 1.30pm 1<sup>ST</sup> technical session was conducted and it was chaired by Prof.(Dr) David Ambrose Professor of Law Department of Studies in Law University of Madras, Chennai This session consisted of two paper presentation on Dr K.B.Kempegowda Principal Vivekananda Law College Bengaluru and another Prof,(Dr) N.Sathishgowda. Assistant Prof. of Law, University Law college Bangalore University Bengaluru.



Dr K.B.Kempegowda Principal Vivekananda Law College Bengaluru presenting the paper as resource person at first technical session.



Felicitation for Dr K.B.Kempegowda Principal Vivekananda Law College Bengaluru presenting the paper as resource person at first technical session.



**Prof**,(**Dr**) **N.Sathishgowda. Assistant Prof. of Law. University Law college Bangalore University Bengaluru Presenting a paper as a resource person in first technical session.** 



Felicitation for Prof,(Dr) N.Sathishgowda. Assistant Prof. of Law. University Law college Bangalore University. Bengaluru Presenting a paper as a resource person in first technical session.

At 2.30pm to 5-30 Pm 5 Paralell session was conducted In different class rooms and PMC hall of our college it was Chaired by Dr.N.D.Gowda, Asst.Prof. of Law Saraswathi Law college Chitradurga ,Dr.Smt.S.S.Janhavi.Assistant prof of law KSOU Muktha gangothri Mysuru.

Prof. (Dr) N.Sathishgowda, Assistant Prof. of Law.University Law college Bangalore University Bengaluru, Dr.N.Sanjeevegowda Asst.Prof.Vishwesharapura Law college Bangalore and Prof.K.B.Vasudeva Ex Principal Vidyavardhaka law college Mysuru In each parallel session was consisted by various research paper followed with the discussion by the students. Finally the organizer the seminar issue certificate to various chairperson, resource persons, paper presenters and participants from the different States Universities and various colleges in and across From the Other State.

Parallel session held in Sri. Chikkaboraiah auditorium chaired by Dr.N Sathishgowda Assistant prof University college of law Bangalore university bangalore



Parallel session held in Class Room No: 07 Chaired by Prof. K.B. Vasudeva



Parallel session held in Class Room No: 02 Chaired by Dr.N.Sanjeevegowda Assistant Prof of law Vishweshwara pura college of law Bangalore



Parallel session held at Class Room No: 01 chaired by Dr. Janhavi S. S. Chairperson, Dept of Studies in Law, Karnataka State Open University, Mysuru.

**Co-ordinator** 

Principal