

Report on celebration of Kannada Rajyotsavsa



VIDYAVARDHAKA LAW COLLEGE SHESHADRI IYER ROAD, MYSURU-1

REPORT ON CELEBRATION OF KANNADA RAJYOTHSAVA

On 28-11-2023 Kannada Rajyotsava was celebrated in our college at Moot Court Hall. Sri Maruthi Prasanna Assistant Professor of Kannada in SDM Women's College was our Chief Guest.





Dr. Deepu, Principal, welcomed the guest and other invitees



Invocation song by students

Addressing the gathering he pointed out the historical development of Kannada language. He said it is one of the oldest languages and today it is under threat of becoming extinct throughout the state. This is because we kannadigas have more love towards other language than our mother tongue. We are so kind hearted that we try to communicate with the language known by other people but never try to teach them Kannada.



Inaugurating the occasion by pouring flower petals on Kannadaambe. It gave the divine touch to our celebration



Rajyotsav Day is celebrated on 1st November every year in our state. It was on 1st November 1956, Mysore State was formed by uniting all the Kannada speakers of South India. Since then this day is celebrated as Karnataka Foundation Day or as Karnataka State Festival. The Kannada language, belonging to the Dravidian family, holds a rich history that stretches back over centuries. With its origins deeply rooted in the southern regions of India, Kannada has developed into a language of immense cultural and literary significance. The Kannada language, belonging to the Dravidian family, holds a rich history that stretches back over centuries arich history that stretches back over centuries. With its origins of India, Kannada has developed in the southern regions of India, Kannada has developed in the southern regions of India, Kannada has developed in the southern regions of India, Kannada has developed in the southern regions of India, Kannada has developed in the southern regions of India, Kannada has developed in the southern regions of India, Kannada has developed in the southern regions of India, Kannada has developed in the southern regions of India, Kannada has developed into a language of immense cultural and literary significance.

Further, he said that the origins of Kannada can be traced back to the 3rd century BCE when inscriptions in Prakrit using Kannada script were found. Over time, this script evolved into the modern Kannada script. The language has witnessed influences from various cultures and languages, including Sanskrit, Telugu, Tamil, and Marathi.

He also stated that the earliest known literary work in Kannada is the "Kavirajamarga," a 9th-century poetic treatise authored by King Amoghavarsha I of the Rashtrakuta dynasty. It provided valuable insights into the linguistic and literary conventions of that era. Another significant work from this period is the "Vaddaradhane," a collection of moral stories. He concluded his speech with melodious Kannada folk songs and entertained the students.

The programme concluded with vote of thanks by Dr. Prakruthi A.R followed by National Anthem.
